Attorney Docket No.: A-71731/MSS (463035-861)

U.S. Serial No.: 10/686,898

The listing of the claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1.(currently amended) A method of forming a copper layer on a substrate, comprising:

forming a copper oxide layer by atomic layer deposition comprising alternatively reacting
a surface of the substrate with a [[from a]] non-fluorine containing copper precursor [[on the substrate]] and an oxygen containing gas; and

reducing the copper oxide layer <u>by contacting the copper oxide layer with a hydrogen</u> containing gas to form a copper layer on the substrate.

- 2.(original) The method of Claim 1 wherein the steps of forming a copper oxide layer and reducing the copper oxide layer are carried out at substantially the same temperature.
- 3.(original) The method of Claim 2 wherein the steps of forming a copper oxide layer and reducing the copper oxide layer are carried out at a temperature in the range of about 100 to 300°C.
- 4.(currently amended) The method of Claim 1 wherein the step of forming a copper oxide layer [[comprises depositing the copper oxide layer by atomic layer deposition comprising alternatively reacting the surface of the substrate with a non-fluorine containing copper precursor and an oxygen containing gas,]] is carried out at a temperature below about 200°C.
- 5.(currently amended) The method of Claim [[4]] 1 wherein the non-fluorine containing copper precursor is a copper alkoxide, copper -diketonate or copper dialkylamide.
- 6.(original) The method of Claim 5 wherein said copper alkoxide comprises [Cu(t-BuO)]₄, said copper -diketonate comprises Cu(tetramethylheptadionate)₂, and said copper dialkylamide has the formula of [Cu(NR₂)]₄ where R represents alkyl.
- 7.(currently amended) The method of Claim [[4]] 1 wherein said oxygen containing gas is ozone, oxygen, water or any mixture thereof.

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8.(original) The method of Claim 1 wherein the step of reducing the copper oxide layer comprises reducing the copper oxide layer by contacting with a hydrogen containing gas at a temperature below about 200°C.

9.(currently amended) A method of forming a copper film on a substrate <u>by atomic layer</u> <u>deposition</u>, comprising:

introducing a non-fluorine containing copper precursor gas about a substrate provided in a chamber;

removing excess copper precursor gas from the chamber;

introducing an oxygen containing gas into the chamber to form a layer of copper oxide on the substrate;

removing excess ozone from the chamber; and

introducing a hydrogen containing gas into the chamber to reduce the copper oxide layer to form a copper layer; wherein the steps of forming the copper oxide layer and reducing the copper oxide layer are carried out at a temperature of below about 200°C.

Please cancel Claim 10.

10(cancelled).

11.(original) The method of Claim 9 wherein the steps of forming the copper oxide layer and reducing the copper oxide layer are carried out at a pressure in the range of about 100 mTorr to 10 Torr.

12.(original) The method of Claim 9 wherein the non-fluorine containing copper precursor is a copper alkoxide, copper -diketonate or copper dialkylamide.

13.(original) The method of Claim 12 wherein the non-fluorine containing copper precursor is selected from the group consisting of [Cu(t-BuO)]₄, Cu(tetramethylheptadionate)₂, and copper dialkylamide.

14.(original) The method of Claim 9 wherein the oxygen containing gas is ozone, oxygen, water, or any mixture thereof.

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15.(original) The method of Claim 14 wherein the oxygen containing gas is ozone.

16.(original) The method of Claim 9 wherein the copper precursor is introduced at a flow rate in the range of about 1 to 1000 sccm.

17.(original) The method of Claim 9 wherein the copper precursor is introduced in pulse at a pulse time of about 0.01 to 10 seconds.

18.(original) The method of Claim 9 wherein the oxygen containing gas is introduced at a flow rate in the range of about 100 to 2000 sccm.